USING THE LTSS-DDA PROVIDER UPLOAD API

Version History

Version	Date
Draft 1.0	1/4/2019
Final V1.0	10/25/2019
Final V2.0	01/08/2020

Overview

The provider upload API is the primary way for the provider system to create Billing Entries in Provider Portal platform. It's an HTTP based API that different provider apps and system can use it programmatically to POST Billing Entries.

Using the Provider Upload API

HTTP/1.1

All data transfer conform to HTTP/1.1, and all endpoints require HTTPS.

Host URL

- Url for integrated testing environment https://provtest.ltssmaryland.org/
- Url for production environment TBD

Authentication

Authentication allows provider systems to create Billing Entry using Provider Upload API. Authentication also allow us to identify the provider system, the type of data being transmitted. Provider Upload API requires to have a JWT (JSON Web Token) each time you access the upload billing entry endpoint.

Authentication is the first request a system should make before begin their upload process.

Please request MDH to provide following provider specific credentials before using Provider Upload API

- Appld
- AppSecret
- SSO Username

Note: SSO accounts for accessing provider upload API has different role and provider cannot use the same account for accessing Provider Portal and vice-versa.

Authentication Endpoint

https://provtest.ltssmaryland.org/SSO/issue/oauth2/token

	Key	Value	Comments
Headers			
	Authorization	Basic {Base64Encoding({appld}:{appSecret})	appld and appSecret will be
			issued to each provider by
		**See Note Below	MDH. The header value
			must be base64 encoded
	content-type	application/x-www-form-urlencoded	
Post Body : x-ww	w-form-urlencode	d	
	grant_type	password	Static value
	Username	{sso_username}	SSO Username will be
			provided by MDH
	password	{sso_password}	Providers will have the
			option reset their
			password.
	scope	{scopeurl}	Scope will be static value
			for all providers
			Scope url will be the same
			as UploadBillingEntry
			endpoint

**Basic {Base64Encoding({appId}:{appSecret})

Basic e2FwcElkfTp7YXBwU2VjcmV0fQ==

How to base64 encode the username and password:

Windows:

[Convert]::ToBase64String([System.Text.Encoding]::ASCII.GetBytes('{appId}:{appSecret}'))

Where the output of the command is

e2FwcElkfTp7YXBwU2VjcmV0fQ==

Linux:

echo -n '{appld}:{appSecret}' | base64 -w9999

Where the output of the command is

e2FwcElkfTp7YXBwU2VjcmV0fQ==

Sample Authentication Request in cURL

```
curl -X POST \
    <url>/SSO/issue/oauth2/token\
        -H 'Authorization: Basic
UHJvdmlkZXJVcGxvYWRUZXN0Q2xpZW50SWQ6Vk95UCtUbFZobXJNWEIJWnhBcmIEZnlZSDBqdE0zN
1pDdDJUZ09aM1Jidz0=' \
        -H 'Content-Type: application/x-www-form-urlencoded' \
        -H 'cache-control: no-cache' \
        -d 'grant_type=password&username=<username>&password=<password>&scope=<scopeurl>'
```

Note: The above sample request is for illustration purpose only. Every programming language will need to build the request in its native implementation.

Authentication Response

Success			
	HTTP Response Code		
Response Body - Sample			
	(EN_STRING}", tf:params:oauth:token-type:jwt", _EXPIRATION_IN_SECONDS},		
Unauthorized	HTTP Response Code	401	

Authentication Response Body Attributes

Response Body		
	access_token	JWT token string. This token string needs to be used in every request for the upload process.
	token_type	Specifies which token type is being returned. Token_type does not need to be used in subsequent calls.
		Token type would always be urn:ietf:params:oauth:token-type:jwt

expires_in	Token expiration time in seconds. Default value is 28800 seconds (8 hours)
refresh_token	Null. JWT token works on absolute expiration time and the token will expire after the specified time. Application needs to get another token if the token expires before the billing entry upload process.

Upload Billing Entry

After successful authentication, provider system can access provider upload web API resource to upload billing entries one at a time. A single billing entry can be uploaded at a time. The Web API is designed to keep the small pay load for better throughput.

Idempotent Design

Upload billing entry is idempotent by design. Each billing entry requires a unique transaction id. If for some reason the client experience an exception such as timeout, connection closed etc. Client system should use the same transaction Id for the retry call. This will avoid duplicate Billing Entry in provider portal system. You may reuse the same transaction Id when request fails due to validation error.

Upload Billing Entry Endpoint

https://provtest.ltssmaryland.org/ltssv2/Ltss.SelfServeApi.Web/api/providerupload/uploadbillingentry

Upload Billing Entry Request Data Format

Field	JSON Type	Required	Description
TransactionId	String	Yes	A unique transactionId for every request. A 128 bit UUID/GUID to avoid collision.
ServiceIdentifier	string	Yes	Alpha-numeric Abbreviated service names/codes titles will be provided by DDA.
ServiceDate	string	Yes	Valid Date of Service Not greater than current date Not older than 365 days Should be greater than client's pilot date (pilot phase only) mm-dd-yyyy format
ClientLtssId	string	Yes	Alpha-numeric Valid Client's LTSS ID

ProviderMa	string	Yes	Alpha-numeric Valid Provider MA Number
Units	number	Yes	Required if Cost is not specified Number of Units. A whole number No decimal is allowed
Cost	number	Yes	Required if Unit is not specified Cost of Activity up-to 2 decimal point

Data Contract for Upload Request

	Key	Value	Comments
Headers			
	Authorization	Bearer {TOKEN_STRING}	Use access_token string from the authentication response. This header is required for every upload request.
	content-type	application/json	

```
Post Body: application/json - Sample

{

"TransactionId": "00000000-0000-0000-000000000000"

"ServiceIdentifier": "xxxxxxxxxxxxxxx",

"ServiceDate": "9/12/2018",

"ClientLtssId": "A1234567890",

"ProviderMaNumber": "A12345678",

"Units": 2,

"Cost": 5.4

}
```

Upload Billing Entry Response

Success			
	HTTP Response Code	200	Success
Response Header	TID	{TransactionId}	The same transaction Id
			from Request.
Fail			
Response Header	TID	{TransactionId}	The same transaction Id
			from Request.
	HTTP Response Code	401	Unauthorized
			This can be due to invalid
			or expired JWT.
		400	Bad request
			Data validation failed.
			400 response will have
			ErrorCode and
			descriptive message for
			the validation that failed.
Response Body for H	TTP Response code 400 : a	oplication/json – Sample	
{			
"Message": "	II		
"ErrorCode":			
}			

Error Codes

The execution sequence of validations are in the order of Error codes. Provider upload api however will short circuit the validations and returns HTTP 400 error upon first failed validation.

Api at any point would always return a single error code and message.

Explanation	Explanation of all Error codes and messages for HTTP response code 400		
Error Code	Error Message	Validation Rule	
1000	Invalid SSO Username	No staff profile is associated with SSO username in LTSS	
1100	TransactionId not present	Transaction Id is missing in request	
1200	Invalid Date of Service	Date is not present in request. Date entered is invalid and cannot be parsed to a standard date. I.E. date is not in correct format. Date is less than dda-go-live (configured) date Difference between Service date and current date is more than 365 days.	

1300	Invalid Unit or Cost	Cost and Units are absent in request.
1500	invalid offic of cost	Or
		Both Cost and Units are specified and greater
		than 0 in request.
		Provided cost for unit-based service, or units for
		cost based service
		Unit should be a whole number
		Cost supports only upto 2 decimal point
1400	Duplicate TransactionId	Do not reuse TransactionId. An existing billing
		entry with the same transactionId will return
		error.
1500	Invalid Ltss Client Id	ClientId is blank in request
		ClientId does not exist in LTSS
1600	Invalid Provider MA#	Provider MA# is blank in request
		Provider MA# is not associated with any location
1700	Invalid Service Identifier	Service Identifier is blank in request
		Service Identifier is invalid
1800	Exceeds allowed cap limits	Cost specified is greater than max rate defined for
		the service group.
1900	Exceeds allowed cap limits	Units specified are greater than max units defined
		for the service group.